

Miller & Rhoads

Present Their Annual

June Sale of

Muslin Underwear



Unparalleled in value-giving, this sale comprises just the dainty, snowy garments you want, in one of the largest and most complete assemblages of Quality Undermuslins we have ever had.

Along with the great stocks of Muslin Underwear we specially purchased for our June Sale are

Hundreds of Manufacturer's Sample Garments

—every bit as pretty, and as thoroughly good as garments in our regular stocks, but, because there are but one or two of a style, they are on sale at

Price-Savings of Exactly One-Third

It is a characteristic "Miller & Rhoads June Sale," presenting better values and more of them than are possible at any other time of year. You are invited.

Four Special June Sale Features

- Regular \$1.25 Gowns 89c**
and Petticoats for...
Wonderfully pretty summer gowns, low and high neck, Gowns, tastefully trimmed, and Petticoats with deep embroidery flounces; all sizes.
- Handsome \$6 Gowns and Petticoats for \$4.00**
Garments whose materials and trimmings are in keeping with the high-class they represent. You couldn't make them for near this price.
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GARCIA INDICTED IN WEBSTER CASE

Case Goes to Grand Jury on Same Day It Is Called in Police Court.

Joseph Garcia, who was arrested early Sunday morning for a brutal attack on Mrs. E. F. Webster, sixty-five years old, of 715 East Franklin Street, was indicted for felonious assault yesterday by the grand jury of the Hustings Court. He was arraigned in Police Court earlier in the day and the hearing of this case continued until June 5. After considering the seriousness of the offense, Commonwealth's Attorney Folkes decided to break a precedent and present Garcia to the grand jury without the formality of a Police Court hearing.

Garcia, who is twenty-one years old, is thought by the police to be a "standard" in the line of having conspired with other men to rob the Webster's boarding-house keeper, after beating her.

The police allege Garcia knew of Mrs. Webster's practice of carrying large sums of money on her person. Through his attorney, Gilbert K. Pollock, Garcia denied striking the woman when arraigned in Police Court yesterday morning. He is a barber by trade.

According to Mrs. Webster's story, Garcia came by her room late Saturday night and called her into the hall, saying he wished to see her. She refused to go, and he pushed her. She stepped out and he requested and stood at the head of the steps. She became involved in a dispute over the amount owed by Garcia, and it is alleged, he pounced upon the aged woman. His fist struck her in the face, inflicting ugly bruises. The force of the blow knocked her down, the stairs, her right arm being broken in two places in the course of the fall. She was in a highly nervous state in Police Court.

DECORATE POST-OFFICE

New York Man Gets Contract for Painting Interior of New Building.

N. B. Smith, of New York, has been awarded the contract for decorating the interior of the new post-office building, and will begin work on Monday. The bid given thirty days to complete. The bid of the New York contractor was a little more than \$200,000, and lower than competitive bids submitted by firms in this and other cities.

Part of the interior will be painted in the colors of the United States flag. Other color combinations will prevail in the treatment of stairways and corridors. Part of the painting equipment was on the premises yesterday. A force of painters will begin work today.

SAVINGS BANK RICHMOND

Do not tie up your savings in ventures that promise big returns. You want your money quick in time of need.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY FOR POSTAL SAVINGS FUNDS

PROPOSES CHANGE IN ARMY PLANS

Major Price Objects to Rough Brick Finish of Drill Hall Interior.

Major L. T. Price, of the First Battalion, First Virginia Regiment, appeared before the Administrative Board yesterday, asking the board to authorize the substitution of face brick for the interior walls of the drill hall at the new First Regiment Armory. In the contract, Architects Carnell and Johnston recommended the use of a hydraulic pressed brick at an additional cost of \$1,250. On motion of Mr. Hirschberg the City Council asked to provide \$2,000 to make this change, and to provide for the pay of a city inspector on the Army building.

S. T. Beveridge and Edward L. Frost complained to the board that the Building Inspector had directed them to underpin a house on the west side of Lodge Street at Broad, the underpinning for granite sidewalk west side of Seventh from Clay to Leigh, south side of Monument Avenue from Sheppard Street to the Rosemeath Road, north and south sides Nicholson from Fulton to Gilliam, north and south sides of Louisiana from Erin to Marshall.

The City Engineer was authorized to contract with the Atlantic Bitulithic Company to repair holes in sheet asphalt around the First Market at \$2 per square yard for surface work and \$1 per square yard for concrete foundation. The City Engineer reported that he could not spare a city steam roller for work at the State Fair grounds, as both rollers were in constant daily use.

UNION UNIVERSITY FINALS

Commencement Marks Forty-Eighth Anniversary of Founding of School.

The commencement exercises of the Virginia Union University, which began Sunday afternoon with the graduation of the class of 1913, were held at 8:15 o'clock this afternoon, and the annual dinner will take place at 6 o'clock to-night. Tomorrow at 10 o'clock there will be a meeting of the Student Body Club, when a paper will be read by Rev. W. T. Johnson.

The regular graduation exercises of the academy were held at 8:15 o'clock to-night. The annual association will hold a business meeting at 8 o'clock this afternoon, and the annual dinner will take place at 6 o'clock to-night. Tomorrow at 10 o'clock there will be a meeting of the Student Body Club, when a paper will be read by Rev. W. T. Johnson.

The university commencement will be held at 8:15 o'clock to-morrow night, and there will be addresses by various students and by Judge Jeter C. Pritchard, of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals.

SUMMERS NAMED BY HEALTH BOARD

Young Physician Succeeds Dr. T. V. Goode, Jr., as Medical Inspector.

STABLE ORDINANCE STANDS

City Water All Right, Says Dr. Levy—Warns Against Wells and Springs.

Dr. B. E. Summers, formerly an interne at the Retreat for the Sick, was unanimously elected Medical Inspector of the Richmond Health Department by the Board of Health last night. He succeeds Dr. T. V. Goode, Jr., who, after a service of only two months, gave up the position on account of his health. Dr. Summers was mentioned for the position at the time of Dr. Goode's election, and has been assisting in the department since Dr. Goode became ill. He is highly indorsed by Dr. Levy and others.

The Board of Health, after an extended hearing last night, reaffirmed its position in regard to stables. It will hereafter insist on sound, tight floors in all stables, public and private, impervious to water in the stall, and for four feet behind, with a drain to a sewer wherever available. The rule was made by the Health Department in its crusade against unsanitary stables more than a year ago, but the enforcement was recently held up on request of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, which held that it was unhealthy for horses to stand all night on hard concrete floors.

To Have Movable Floors.

After a full hearing last night, and examination of the ordinances in many cities, the board reaffirmed its position, the local ordinance being worded almost identically like the one in Washington City. It will require a concrete floor in the stall, and the owner may lay a wooden floor or a movable platform or other standing place for his horse, such as he thinks most suitable, provided it can be readily cleaned, and that the foundation is impervious to moisture.

It prohibits dirt floors of all kinds, and will be strictly enforced at once, as the Health Board regards filthy, unsanitary stables, both public and private, as the chief source of flies, and as the cause of many diseases.

In connection with the Health Board meeting, Chief Health Officer E. C. Levy stated that many complaints had come to his department and to the Water Department, of a noxious odor on water from the Lee District standpipe service in the West End. Dr. Levy said he had made a personal investigation of the water, spending two days at the settling basin. He had found a strong, disagreeable, vegetable growth in the water known as alga, which, he asserted, was absolutely not detrimental to health.

Trouble Soon to Disappear.

Water at the settling basin has been treated so far by the city, and shortly disappear, but millions of gallons containing the alga have been pumped to the reservoirs, so that the odor may be noticeable in all parts of the city for some days.

"Any person who objects to this," said Dr. Levy, "can get rid of it by simply allowing the water to boil for three or four minutes. I have tried it myself, and find that allowing the water to come to a boil for a few minutes, and then cool, allows all of the gas to escape, and leaves the water pure and healthy. What I really fear is that conditions will happen here as they did at Springfield, Mass., last year, where a similar condition occurred. There many people became afraid of the city water, and drank water from old wells and springs out of the city's outskirts, and an epidemic of typhoid fever followed. The city water with this alga in it, even though it smells bad, is entirely healthy, and is much safer than old wells and springs to be found in the suburbs, which are far more dangerous."

CRUELTY AGAINST CRUELTY

The police, aided and abetted by Anti-Cruelty Societies, for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, yesterday instituted a campaign against drivers and owners of off-road vehicles who treat animals with cruelty or negligence. As the hot weather comes, the police will enforce the violent protection of horses and mules. Three arrests for the mistreatment of animals were made yesterday. Thomas Taylor, colored, charged with cruelty to a horse, was arrested by Officer Aker; William Stevens, colored, was arrested by Officer Taylor on the same charge, and Ben Johnson, colored, was taken into custody by Officers Guldaby and Sweet for a like offense.

Mr. Hawes Improving.

S. H. Hawes, who was stricken with paralysis during the early hours of Friday night, continued to show improvement today, and is expected to be a great extent recovered the use of the muscles of his right side, which were paralyzed. He is now able to sit up in bed, and is being attended by a nurse.

Young Girl Missing.

Mrs. Little Barnes, of 1301 Beverly Street, went to the Second Police Station yesterday afternoon and reported the missing of her daughter, Jessie, who is eighteen years old, and has been missing from her home since Friday morning. She is a white girl, and is described as being about five feet tall, with dark hair, and is wearing a blue dress. The police have been asked to keep a look out for her.

Refused to Move.

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BIRTHDAY OF DAVIS

Appropriate Exercises in Public Schools of State To-Day.

The anniversary of the birth of President Jefferson Davis, of the Confederate States of America, will be fittingly observed in the public schools of this State to-day. Coming soon after the annual Memorial Day, the celebration of the birth of Jefferson Davis has fallen somewhat late in the year. Attention was called at the meeting of the State Board of Education yesterday to an act of the General Assembly of 1895-1900 setting apart June 3 of each year as a "day of recreation" in the public schools of the State, and directing that on that anniversary the public officers of the State be closed at 12 o'clock noon, and that the flag of the State be hoisted over the Capitol. President Davis was born June 3, 1846.

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Hustings Court Grand Jury Returns Many True Bills.

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TOOK STEPCHILD AND RACED AWAY

Mrs. Cantor Arrested After Spectacular Performance at Railway Station.

NOW CONTEMPT OF COURT

Little Girl's Pitiful Condition Resulted in Order to Send Her to Country.

Mrs. Mary Cantor, of 811 North Nineteenth Street, took the law in her own hands yesterday morning, when Miss Sarah Roller, a probation officer, started to board a train at the Byrd Street Station to take Anna Cantor, her thirteen-year-old stepdaughter, to the fresh air camp, and as a result, will be arraigned in Police Court this morning to answer to the charge of contempt of court. Mrs. Cantor's spectacular effort to rescue the girl from the probation officer's hands and her flight up Seventh Street threw the early morning session into great excitement.

The pathetic situation of the little Cantor girl, whom the court found to be leading the life of an overworked servant, was first brought to the attention of the Juvenile Protective Association by the missionary of the Council of Jewish Women. The child's father is a butcher and has much work to do. In the Juvenile Court, Justice Crutchfield found that if they sought for the sake of the girl's religious training her parents be given another opportunity, promising that she should feed on the fat of the land. The judge consented.

Teachers Moved to Pitt.

A short while ago, the teachers of the public school in which Anna Cantor is a pupil told agents of the Juvenile Protective Association that the girl was literally starving, and that she had not eaten until 3 o'clock at night at work sometimes, they said, and sent to school in the morning without enough food for the day's work. The teachers themselves, in pity, were accustomed to bring special lunches for her.

After hearing this report, Justice Crutchfield ordered the girl to be taken from her parents' home, and when the case came up in the Juvenile Court, determined to send her to the fresh air camp of the Instructive Visiting Nurses' Association in Clarke County, Va., where the school year, as learned of the fact that the probation officer was to start to Clarke County yesterday morning with little Anna, so she went to the station to regain the child and shelter force of might.

She took up her stand at a convenient place, and when the officer walked by with Anna, reached out and snatched the child from Miss Roller's grasp. She then ran up the street as hard as she could run, followed by Miss Roller and spectators who were brought into the chase. Mrs. Cantor all but made good her escape at Car Street, but was caught by a northbound street car, was dragged down from the step by Patrolman Aker. She fought the officer fiercely, but was finally sent to the First Police Station in the patrol. She was bailed.

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The Ranks of the Five Thousand Are Filling Up Rapidly

The third shipment of Gans-Rady Special Straws at \$1.65 reached us yesterday. More new styles—more varied Straws. \$4.00 and \$5.00 in appearance and service.

Special Price \$1.65 GANS-RADY COMPANY

GIRL GRADUATES ADVISED TO LOVE

Dr. MacLachlan Says Neither Society nor Culture Will Give Happiness.

About fifty graduates of the Woman's College were advised last night to eschew both the "folly-bells" of social pleasure and the cold comforts of academic culture, and to seek happiness only through the love of culture.

Dr. MacLachlan in his commencement address. Dr. MacLachlan proved to them by authorities ranging all the way from Plato to Kipling, that if they sought pleasure in the giddy whirl, it would surely pall on them, and that each new sensation would only beget the desire for another.

Culture, he asserted, is utterly unselfish, and when followed for its own sake, and when it is made more important than social service, it becomes a great evil. He drew a vivid picture of the modern woman of culture, "drawing her academic toga of learning about her and passing scornfully by sickness and sin and suffering."

But love is the dynamic power that animates society and makes culture creative, and love, in the broadest acceptance of the term, he urged the young women to make the ruling motive of their lives.

Two medals representing the highest academic honors, were presented. Miss Mary Lawson was given the medal for elocution, and Miss Margaret James that for the best essay written during the school year. The presentation was made by Dr. F. C. Woodward, professor of English literature.

The presentation of diplomas was by Dr. James Nelson, president of the college, who made a short address, referring to the high record of the institution, and the successful year which it had just completed. After the graduates had received their degrees, tributes in the shape of flowers began to pour in with such profusion that the stage was banked with them.

In addition to the degrees, a number of the students were presented with certificates of proficiency in various branches of work. Misses Marye Lawson, Sue Woolfolk and Margaret James received their certificates in elocution. Misses Grace Cottrell and Bertha Mays, in art; and Misses Virginia Seay and Elizabeth Wicker in voice culture. The presentation of certificates was made by Dr. M. A. Miffin, dean of the college. Rev. W. A. Christian, D. D., pronounced the invocation, and the benediction was spoken by Rev. J. J. Wicker.

PLANS FOR SCHOOL

Will Remove Old Springfield Immediately After Session Ends.

Plans were filed yesterday in the office of Building Inspector Butler for the new Springfield Public School building to be erected this summer by the City School Board at a cost of \$30,000. The building will replace old Springfield School, at Twenty-third and Leigh Streets. Work on demolishing the old building will begin the day the school closes, and it is hoped that the new structure will be ready for use at the beginning of the mid-session in February next. The building will be of brick, stone and concrete, and will be fireproof throughout. The new building was planned by Carnell and Johnston, and the contract for its erection has been awarded to the Wise Granite Company.

Exhibit of Pupils' Work.

Patrons and friends of Jefferson Public School, formerly at Nineteenth and Marshall Streets, are invited to see the new building to-morrow, from 8 to 3:30 o'clock. There will be an exhibit of work done by the pupils.

WEATHER JUMPED IN MONTH OF MAY

Opened With Midsummer Blister and Sank to Freezing on the 11th.

Absorbingly interesting is the weather, neither in prospect, aspect or retrospect. Hence the following: May 3 was the warmest day last month. The thermometer rose to 92, which is respectable summer heat, but sank at the night reading to 52, furnishing thereby a variation of 40 degrees—the widest record last month. The coldest day was May 11, when the mercury reached a low mark of 33—six degrees above the freezing point. The reading was lower than any recorded so late in the spring. No frost formed at the Weather Bureau station, but at low and exposed places in the vicinity there was a light deposit.

The highest velocity by the wind was on May 16, when a rate of thirty-seven miles an hour was recorded. That's the average speed of fast express trains south of Washington, and three times the highest speed of the Broad and Main owl cars. The prevailing direction was south, and the total movement was 5,267 miles; the distance more or less to Tampa, Colon and St. Petersburg—take your choice.

There were thunder storms on May 6, 15, 16, 22 and 30, and fog on May 26. There were fifteen clear days, nine partly cloudy days, and seven cloudy days. A versatile month was May, 1913.

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BIG SHRINKAGE IN REVENUE RECEIPTS

Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1913, Will Show Deficit of \$250,000.

Collection figures for the eleventh month of the current fiscal year, as compiled yesterday by Deputy Collector McGavock, show that the receipts of the local internal revenue office are still on the toboggan, and that the annual casting up of accounts on June 30 will find the total for the year \$250,000 short of the total collections for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1912.

No attempt is made to account for the quarter of a million dollar deficit. Revenue men profess of are nothing alarming in the situation and attribute the shrinkage to a dull business year and to a shifting of trade, which can be only temporary. Analysis of the several sources of income throw little light on the subject, practically all divisions showing losses.

The figures for the year will show the heaviest loss to be in the receipts from the tax on spirits. The shrinkage in this division has been steady since last May, and shows a decline of approximately \$35,000 during the month just past, as compared with the receipts for May, 1912.

Drop of \$67,000.

The total collections from all sources during the month of May were \$484,425.50, as compared with \$551,425.50 for the same month in 1912, which were \$67,000 less. The net shrinkage for the month of March, as compared with March, 1912, was \$1,583.93. The figures covering the chief sources of revenue are:

Manufactured tobacco, receipts May, 1913, \$101,471.73; receipts May, 1912, \$120,716.52; loss, \$19,244.79.

Cigars and cigarettes, receipts May, 1913, \$200,027.73; receipts May, 1912, \$225,510.57; loss, \$17,482.84.

Manufactured spirits, receipts May, 1913, \$55,333.14; receipts May, 1912, \$90,255.08; loss, \$34,921.94.

Beer, receipts May, 1913, \$5,550; receipts May, 1912, \$9,250; loss, \$3,700.

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1912, the local internal revenue office collected from all sources \$5,797,140.65. It was the largest collection in the history of the office. The receipts for the eleven months of the current fiscal year have been \$5,267,152.60. Crediting the collections of the current month on the basis of the receipts for June, 1912, the fiscal year ending June 30, 1913, will show a deficit of approximately \$250,000.

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Absorbingly interesting is the weather, neither in prospect, aspect or retrospect. Hence the following: May 3 was the warmest day last month. The thermometer rose to 92, which is respectable summer heat, but sank at the night reading to 52, furnishing thereby a variation of 40 degrees—the widest record last month. The coldest day was May 11, when the mercury reached a low mark of 33—six degrees above the freezing point. The reading was lower than any recorded so late in the spring. No frost formed at the Weather Bureau station, but at low and exposed places in the vicinity there was a light deposit.

The highest velocity by the wind was on May 16, when a rate of thirty-seven miles an hour was recorded. That's the average speed of fast express trains south of Washington, and three times the highest speed of the Broad and Main owl cars. The prevailing direction was south, and the total movement was 5,267 miles; the distance more or less to Tampa, Colon and St. Petersburg—take your choice.

There were thunder storms on May 6, 15, 16, 22 and 30, and fog on May 26. There were fifteen clear days, nine partly cloudy days, and seven cloudy days. A versatile month was May, 1913.

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